# Organisation and Numbers of Polish Cavalry Corps <br> at the beginning of October 1920 

This is taken from: A Smoliński, Zagon na Korosteń.

1st Cavalry Division
6th Cavalry Brigade
1st "Krechowiecki" Ulan Regiment - 400 sabres, 12 HMGs
14th "Jazłowiecki" Ulan Regiment - 350 sabres, 12 HMGs
12th "Podolian" Ulan Regiment - 300 sabres, 12 HMGs
1st Battery, 3rd Horse Artillery Divizion - 4 guns
2nd Battery, 3rd Horse Artillery Divizion - 4 guns
7th Cavalry Brigade
2nd "Rokitniański" Light Horse Regiment - 150 sabres, 8 HMGs
8th "Prince Józef Poniatowski" Ulan Regiment - 400 sabres, 12 HMGs
9th Ulan Regiment - 300 sabres, 12 HMGs
1st Battery, 1st Horse Artillery Divizion - 4 guns
2nd Battery, 6th Horse Artillery Divizion - 4 guns

2nd Cavalry Division
8th Cavalry Brigade
2nd "Grochowski" Ulan Regiment in honour of Gen. Dwernicki - 400 sabres, 12 HMGs
108th Reserve Ulan Regiment - 200 sabres, 12 HMGs
115th Reserve Ulan Regiment - 200 sabres, 12 HMGs
1st Battery, 8th Horse Artillery Divizion - 4 guns
9th Cavalry Brigade
1st "Józef Piłsudski" Light Horse Regiment - 400 sabres, 12 HMGs
201st Volunteer Light Horse Regiment - 300 sabres, 12 HMGs
203rd Volunteer Ulan Regiment - 200 sabres, 12 HMGs
1st Battery, 4th Horse Artillery Divizion - 4 guns
1st Battery, 7th of Wielkopolska Horse Artillery Divizion (probable) -4 guns

Total: 3610 sabres, 140 HMGs and 28 field guns

## Notes:

While called a corps, in practice it operated as independent brigades.
As usual with Polish numbers, "sabres" is only that, and MG-gunners and the like are not counted. There had also been recent reinforcements, so numbers may have been higher.

It is possible that the rest of the 8th Horse Artillery Divizion - five further guns in the 2nd and 3rd Batteries - took part in the raid on Korosten as part of the 8th Cavalry Brigade.

The corps commander, Juliusz Rómmel, noted that number of machine-guns in each regiment was variable but usually 16 to 24 . They were mostly taczanki, the rest being pack mounted on horses.

Each squadron had two organic taczanki, with the rest being grouped in a machine-gun squadron at the disposal of the regimental commander. There may well have been some taczanki attached to the horse batteries as well, which might explain some of the discrepancy in numbers.

